



Dual Gas Transmitter

E2660-CO-CO2

User Manual



Table of contents

| Carbon Monoxide | 3 |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| Carbon Dioxide | 4 |
| Specifications | 5 |
| Product description | 7 |
| Safety requirements | 7 |
| Operating conditions | 8 |
| Installation guidelines | 8 |
| Mounting dimensions | 9 |
| Sensor probe handling | 10 |
| Electrical connections | 11 |
| Operation | 14 |
| Maintenance | 14 |
| Calibration | 14 |
| Delivery set | 15 |
| Order code for E2660-CO-CO2 options | 15 |
| Configuring | 16 |
| Return to default settings | 16 |
| Modbus RTU Communication | 17 |
| RS485 communication interface | 17 |
| Communication parameters | 17 |
| Modbus holding registers | 17 |
| Warranty | 22 |
| Manufacturer contacts | 22 |

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon Monoxide is a colorless, odorless, and tasteless gas that is highly toxic.

Synonyms: Carbonous oxide, Carbon (II) oxide, Flue gas, Monoxide.

| Chemical formula | | СО | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Molar weight | | 28 | |
| Relative gas densi | ty (to air) | 0.97 | |
| Conversion | | 1 ppm = 1.15 mg/m ³ | |
| Boiling point | | -191.5 °C | |
| Low explosive limi | t (LEL), % vol. in air | 12.5 | |
| Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air | | 74 | |
| Odor | | Odorless | |
| Hazards | | Highly toxic. Mild poisoning causes lightheadedness, confusion, headache, dizziness, and flu-like effects. Larger exposures can lead to toxicity of the CNS and heart, and death. After acute poisoning, long-term problems may occur. CO also has negative effects on a baby if exposed during pregnancy. Chronic exposure to low levels can lead to depression, confusion, and memory loss. | |
| Exposure limits | TWA | 40 mg/m³ /35 ppm | |
| (NIOSH) | IDLH | 1380 mg/m³ /1200 ppm | |
| | | | |

Conversion of ppm to mg/m^3 is calculated for 25°C and 1 atm.

Carbon Dioxide

Carbon dioxide is a colorless, odorless, non-toxic, and non-flammable gas that is present in the Earth's atmosphere at a low concentration.

| Chemical form | ula | CO ₂ | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| Molar weight | | 44 | |
| Relative gas de | ensity (to air) | 1.52 | |
| Conversion | | 1 ppm = 1.80 mg/m ³ | |
| Boiling point | | Sublimes | |
| Flammability | | Nonflammable Odorless | |
| Odor | | Odorless | |
| Hazards | | Dust of various metals (Mg, Zr, Ti, Al, Cr, Mn)is ignitable and explosive when suspended in carbon dioxide. In concentrations up to 1% (10 000 ppm), it will make some people feel drowsy and give the lungs a stuffy feeling. Concentrations of 7% to 10% (70 000 to 100 000 ppm) may cause suffocation, even in the presence of sufficient oxygen, manifesting as dizziness, headache, visual and hearing dysfunction, and unconsciousness within a few minutes to an hour. | |
| Exposure | TWA | 9000 mg/m³ /5000 ppm | |
| limits (Directive 2006/15/EC) | STEL | Not specified | |
| | | | |

Conversion of ppm to mg/m^3 is calculated for 25°C and 1 atm.

Specifications

| Sampling method | | | Diffusion |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Detected gas | | CO | CO ₂ |
| Sensor type | E | lectrochemical cell | Photoacoustic |
| Typical detection range | 0300 ppm | 01000 ppm | 010 000 ppm |
| Resolution / digital unit | | 1 ppm | 1 ppm |
| Response time | | T90 < 30s | T60 ≤ 60 |
| Sensor lifetime | | > 10 years | ca 10 years |
| Calibration interval | | 12 months | No field recalibration if ABC algorithm is enableds |
| Outputs assignment | | OUT1: CO | 0UT2: CO2 |
| Outputs scale width | | | > 10 × resolution nded: 20-100% of the detection range own to 5-100% of the range is allowed |
| Operating temperature, humidity | -20+50 °C, 1590 %RH non condensing | | -40+60 °C, 0100 %RH |
| Operating conditions | pressure 0,91,1 atm non-ATEX-rated areas, non-aggressive atmosphere | | |
| Cross-sensitivity | h | ydrogen, acetylene | None |
| Signal update | Every 1 second | | Every 5 seconds |
| Power supply | | | 1236 VDC (default), 24 VAC or 230 VAC as options |
| Power consumption | | | < 2 VA |
| Analog outputs | 2 × 4-20 mA / 0-10 V, user settable | | |
| Load resistance | R _L < (Us - 2 V) / 22 mA for 4-20 mA R _L > 250 kOhm for 0-10 V mode | | |
| Digital interface | RS485, Modbus RTU protocol No galvanic isolation | | |
| Cable connections | Screwless spring-loaded terminals | | |
| Enclosure | Grey ABS, wall mount, protection class IP65 | | |
| Dimensions | H90 × W145× D55 mm | | |

| CE marking | According to 2014/30/EU and 2014/35/EU, EN 50491-4-1:2012 EN 61000-6-3:2020, EN 61326-1:2013(EMC, emissions) EN 61000-6-1:2019, EN 61000-6-2:2019(EMC, Immunity) EN 60079-29-1:2016, EN 60079-29-2:2015 and EN 60079-29-3:2014 | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Other options | | | | | |
| Remote probe | Protection IP65, default cable length 3.0 m; max height 80 mm, max diameter 65 mm | | | | |

Product description

Dual Gas Detector-Transmitter E2660-CO-CO2 belongs to the PluraSens® family of multifunctional measurement instruments. The device is intended for simultaneous detection of carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. It is a convenient solution for underground parking. The instrument utilizes electrochemical gas sensors with excellent repeatability, stability, and long lifetime.

Two analog outputs and RS485 digital interface with industry-standard Modbus RTU protocol can be used to connect the device to safety or building automation systems.

The following features are available as an option:

- 24 VAC or 230 VAC as options for power supply module,
- Remote probe.

The version of your detector is marked on the package. If the symbol \uparrow is marked on the equipment, consult the documentation for further information.

Safety requirements

Misuse will impair the protection of the product. Always adhere to the safety provisions applicable in the country of use.

Do not perform any maintenance operation with the power on. Do not let water or foreign objects inside the device.

Removal of the PCB from the enclosure voids the warranty. Do not touch the electronic components directly, as they are sensitive to static electricity.

Connection diagrams can be found in the electrical connections section. The device might not perform correctly or be damaged if the wrong power supply is connected.

External circuits connected to the equipment should have sufficient insulation rating according to the environmental conditions and equipment power.

A disconnecting device that is marked as such and easily accessible should be included in the installation of this product.

Operating conditions

The device should be used both in a non-hazardous area, at the pressure 0,9...1,1 atm and relative humidity in the range 15...90%, and in a basic electromagnetic environment, where the latter is defined in EN 61326-1. Avoid strong mechanical shock and vibrations. Avoid corrosive atmosphere and areas highly contaminated with dust, oil mist, etc. Keep the instrument away from direct sunlight. A sudden temperature or humidity change might affect the sensitivity of the sensor.

Installation guidelines

Before proceeding with the installation it is mandatory to read the Safety requirements section and make sure to comply with all listed instructions. Installation standards EN 60079-29-2 and EN 45544-4 are also recommended for further instructions and related information about the installation. During the installation of the transmitter the following points must be considered:

- Application (the instrument is intended for leakage control.)
- Properties of the space under investigation (room geometry, direction, and velocity of airflows, etc.),
- Carbon monoxide has practically the same density as air. CO₂ is heavier than air, it is recommended to locate the sensor not higher than the potential leakage. For air quality control, place the sensor in the breathing zone.
- The device should be accessible for maintenance and repair.

The aforementioned conditions above will affect the coverage area of the device. However, the coverage area for a detector-transmitter is usually between 2.5 to 5 meters radius.

For early leakage detection, install the sensor as close as possible to the potential leakage sources (flanges, valves, pressure reducers, pumps, etc.), taking into consideration other points listed above.

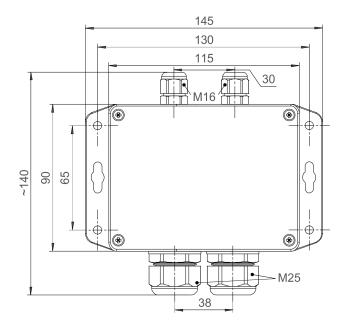
Do not locate the detector close to ventilation openings and strong air currents. Avoid the areas without air circulation (corners, niches) as well.

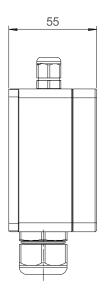
For general area monitoring without definite leakage sources, the detectors should be distributed evenly in the room.

For personal safety control, the detectors are installed in the breathing zone (at the height of the head of people or animals). The recommended sensor position is vertical, pointing downwards.

For installing the device, attach the device to the wall using provided screws through the side mounting holes or key slots (see mountains dimensions).

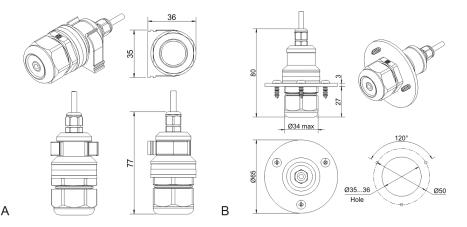
Mounting dimensions





Sensor probe handling

The E2660 series devices are available with a remote probe. The remote probe is connected to the main unit with a shielded cable. The default remote probe cable length is 3 m.



A)Wall mount remote probe with fixing clamp (default version), B)Remote probe with rubber flange and three self-tapping screws (on request)

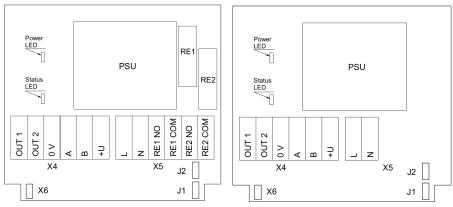
The sensor probes of all types are equipped with a hydrophobic microporous PTFE filter to protect the sensor from dust, dirt, and water drops. The filter should be replaced if it gets strongly contaminated. To replace the PTFE filter, unscrew the sensor head cap and remove the old filter. Place a new filter into the cap and tighten it again.

NOTE! Never stab or press the filter near its center where the sensor is located since this may damage the sensor. Do not remove the filter as it may cause the device to show incorrect values and/or break the sensor.

The recommended orientation of the sensor probe is vertical with the sensor tip pointing downwards. This prevents the possible accumulation of condensed water on the sensor protection filter.

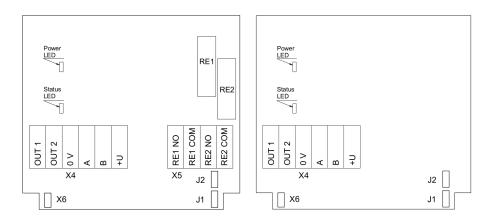
Electrical connections

Unscrew four lid screws and detach the lid from the device. Use the M16 cable gland to let in cables of the power supply and of the external devices. Attach the power cable to the device without turning it on. Using the connection diagram below, connect the analog outputs and digital interface terminals to the relevant devices according to your tasks.



Version with PSU and relays

Version with PSU and without relays





Version without PSU and relays

| Jumpers | |
|-------------------------|--|
| J1 | OUT1 type (open: 4-20 mA; closed 0-10 V) |
| J2 | OUT2 type (open: 4-20 mA; closed 0-10 V) |
| X6 | Reset Modbus network parameters to default |
| X4 terminals | |
| OUT1 | 4-20 mA / 0-10 V output |
| OUT2 | 4-20 mA / 0-10 V output |
| 0V | 0 V / 24 VAC Neutral (optional) |
| Α | RS485 A / Data + |
| В | RS485 B / Data - |
| +U | +24 VDC / 24 VAC Phase (optional) |
| X5 terminals (optional) | |
| L | 90265 VAC Phase |
| N | 90265 VAC Neutral |
| RE1 NO | Relay 1, normally open terminal |
| RE1 COM | Relay 1, common terminal |
| RE2 NO | Relay 2, normally open terminal |
| RE2 COM | Relay 2, common terminal |

The screwless quick connect spring terminals on the E2660 series devices are suitable for a wide range of wires with a cross-section of 0.2...1.5 mm². We recommend striping the wire end by 8...9 mm and using wire end sleeves.

To connect the wire, insert the wire end into the terminal hole. To disconnect, push the spring-loaded terminal lever, pull the wire out, and release the lever.

Use a twisted-pair cable, e.g. LiYY TP 2×2×0.5 mm² or CAT 5, to connect the device to the RS485 network. A and B on the device represent DATA+ and DATA- respectively, polarity must be respected when connecting to an external RS485 network. The overall length of all connections via the RS485 interface should not exceed 1200 m.

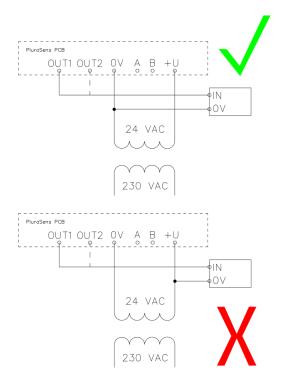
Both analog outputs can be independently changed between 4-20 mA and 0-10 V type using jumpers J1 (OUT1) and J2 (OUT2). By closing pins on a specific jumper the related output is 0-10 V, with an open jumper the output is 4-20 mA. Power restart is required after changing the position of the jumpers.

The relays RE1 and RE2 are assigned to CO and CO₂ concentration, respectively.

NOTE! The outputs are not galvanically isolated from the external power supply and share a common 0V. Allowed load resistance limits are stated in the Specifications table. To power the instrument from an external power source, connect terminals 0V and +U to the source. If the integrated mains power supply module is used, connect terminals L and N to the mains.

NOTE! Actuator short-circuits should be avoided, to protect the instrument relays using external fuses or safety switches.

Correct and incorrect cabling for 24 VAC



Operation

Turn on the power. The instrument warm-up time takes about 1 minute after switching on and the final sensor stabilization time to maximum accuracy takes 30 minutes. The operating status is indicated by the LED on the PCB of the device. The control LED (red) response to different processes is presented in the following table:

| Mode | LED mode |
|---|---------------------------------|
| During calibration mode or sensor heating period (if activated) | 0.5 Hz (50% on, 50% off) |
| Relay 1 turned on | Blinking 1 Hz (50% on, 50% off) |
| Relay 2 turned on | Blinking 2 Hz (50% on, 50% off) |
| During the Modbus communication cycle | Short on-off pulses |
| Normal operating/measurement | Continuously on or off |

Make sure that the transmitter is properly mounted, the external devices connected, the power LED (green) on, and the control LED (red) is constantly lit. Make certain that the cable glands are properly tightened to ensure the conformity to IP65 protection class. Place the lid back and fix it with the screws. The device is ready to use. It is recommended to keep the device powered constantly, except for periods of maintenance and calibration, replacement, etc.

Maintenance

Do not perform any maintenance operation with the power on.

Clean the device with a soft damp cloth. Do not use any abrasive cleaning agents. Do not immerse the device in water or any cleaning media.

Calibration

E2660-CO-CO2 detector-transmitter devices have been calibrated by the Manufacturer with standard gas mixtures before delivery. Provided that the device is used under moderate conditions, electrochemical gas sensor require field recalibration every 12 months. The photoacoustic sensor does not require recalibration if the ABC algorithm is enabled. Please contact your dealer for more information.

Delivery set

- Detector-transmitter E2660-CO-CO2
- Mounting accessories:
 - 4 screws with plastic dowels
 - Fixing clamp for remote probe versions



Order code for E2660-CO-CO2 options

| E2660 options | Order code |
|--|-----------------------|
| Remote probe, 3 m cable | E2660-CO-CO2-RP33-3 |
| Remote probe, 10 m cable | E2660-CO-CO2-RP33-10* |
| Integrated 90265 V mains power supply module | E2660-CO-CO2-230 |
| Integrated 24 VAC power supply module | E2660-CO-CO2-24VAC |
| Two SPST relays | E2660-CO-CO2-R |

* maximum cable length for CO2 is 5 meters

Configuring

A standard configuration kit includes a USB-RS485 converter, fixed flow regulator, gas tubing with applicators, and a software pack. Please contact your Seller for more information.

Detectors- transmitters E2660 share all functionalities of the PluraSens® multifunctional platform. The features and options include:

- Digital output change rate-limiting filter
- Digital integrating (averaging) filter
- Free assignment of each analog output to the chosen parameter
- Flexible setting of analog output scales for each output
- Output zero and slope adjustment for calibration
- Free assignment of each of two relays to the chosen parameter
- Several relay control logic modes
- Switch delays and minimum on/off state durations for each relay

The output scales can be changed by Modbus commands by using the configuration software and the standard configuration kit (see Modbus RTU Communication).

Return to default settings

To reset the device's Slave ID, baud rate, and stop bit numbers to factory settings, proceed as follows:

- 1. De-energize the device
- 2. Connect the X6 jumper
- 3. Turn on the device
- 4. De-energize the device
- 5. Disconnect the X6 jumper
- 6. Turn on the device

Modbus RTU Communication

RS485 communication interface

| Parity: none / odd / even Stop bits: 1 or 2 | Supported Modbus functions: 03 – Read multiple registers 06 – Write a single register | |
|--|---|--|
|--|---|--|

Communication parameters

| Parameter | Permitted values | Default |
|----------------------|---|---------|
| Supported baud rates | 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 | 9600 |
| Data bits | 8 | 8 |
| Parity | none / odd / even | none |
| Stop bits | 1, 2 | 1 |
| Protocol | Modbus RTU | |
| Modbus functions | 03 - Read multiple registers 06 - Write a single register | |
| Error codes | 01 - Illegal function 02 - Illegal data address 03 - Illegal data value 04 - Slave device failure (details of last error 04 can be read from register 0x000) | 08) |

Modbus holding registers

Register addresses are shown 0-based, Addr in hexadecimal, Reg in decimal format.

Modbus holding register numbers MHR are shown in the decimal 1-based format and may be addressed either from 00001 or 40001 base.

| Addr | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
|--------|-----------|----|--------------------------|--|---------|
| 0x0001 | 1 / 40002 | R | Hardware version | | - |
| 0x0002 | 2 / 40003 | R | Software version | | - |
| 0x0003 | 3 / 40004 | R | Product serial number | 165535 | - |
| 0x0004 | 4 / 40005 | RW | Slave ID (net address) * | 1247 ** | 1 |
| 0x0005 | 5 / 40006 | RW | Baud rate * | 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 | 9600 |

| 0x0006 | 6 / 40007 | RW | Response delay, ms | 10255 | 10 |
|--------|------------|----|---|--|----|
| 0x0007 | 7 / 40008 | RW | Stop bits, parity bit * | 1 – No parity bit, 1 stop bit (default after factory reset) 2 – No parity bit, 2 stop bits 3 – Odd parity, 1 stop bit 4 – Even parity, 1 stop bit NOTE : 3 and 4 are available starting from the Software version 0x204 (dec. 516) | 1 |
| 0x0008 | 8 /40009 | R | Last error code | 1255 | - |
| 0x0011 | 17 / 40018 | RW | Technological: age of last data in seconds (read) / restart (write) | 065535 s (read), writing 42330 restarts the instrument | - |

| | | | | | - |
|--------|-------------|----|--|--|---------|
| 0x00A5 | 165 / 40166 | RW | Zero adjustments for gas data, ADC | -32000+32000 ADC units | 0 |
| 0x00A6 | 166 / 40167 | RW | Slope adjustment for gas data | 165535 | 512 |
| 0x00A7 | 167 / 40168 | RW | The change rate limit for gas units/s | 132000, 0 - no limit | 0 |
| 0x00A8 | 168 / 40169 | RW | Integrating filter time constant, s | 132000 (seconds), 0 - no filter | 0 |
| Addr | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
| 0x00C9 | 201 / 40202 | RW | Parameter tied to analog output 1 | 0 - None 2 - 1st Gas concentration 3 - 2nd Gas concentration 9 - Forced Modbus control, value set in MHR / 40204 | 2 |
| 0x00CA | 202 / 40203 | RW | Parameter tied to analog output 2 | 0 - None 2 - 1st Gas concentration 3 - 2nd Gas concentration 9 - Forced Modbus control, value set in MHR / 40205 | 3 |
| 0x00CB | 203 / 40204 | RW | Forced value for analog output 1*** | 01000 (0.0%100.0% of output scale) | 0 |
| 0x00CC | 204 / 40205 | RW | Forced value for analog output 2*** | 01000 (0.0%100.0% of output scale) | 0 |
| 0x00D3 | 211 / 40212 | RW | Parameter tied to relay | 0 –none | 2 |

| | | | RE1 | 2 – 1st Gas concentration 3 – 2nd Gas concentration 9 – control by Modbus control, state set in MHR / 40214 | |
|--------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0x00D4 | 212 / 40213 | RW | Parameter tied to relay RE2 | 0 - none 2 - 1st Gas concentration 3 - 2nd Gas concentration 9 - control by Modbus control, state set in MHR / 40215 | 3 |
| 0x00D5 | 213 / 40214 | RW | Forced state for relay RE1*** | 0 –off, 1 – on | 0 |
| 0x00D6 | 214/ 40215 | RW | Forced state for relay RE2*** | 0 – off, 1 – on | 0 |
| 0x00D7 | 215 / 40216 | RW | Switching delay for relay RE1 | 01000 (s) | 0 |
| 0x00D8 | 216 / 40217 | RW | Switching delay for relay RE2 | 01000 (s) | 0 |
| 0x00D9 | 217 / 40218 | RW | Minimal on/off time for relay RE1 | 01000 (s) | 0 |
| 0x00DA | 218 / 40219 | RW | Minimal on/off time for relay RE2 | 01000 (s) | 0 |

| Addr | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
|--------|----------------|----|-----------------------------------|---|---------|
| 0x00DB | 219 / 40220 | RW | Control logic for relay RE1 | $1 \xrightarrow{L} H \xrightarrow{L} H \xrightarrow{L} H$ $0 - \text{ none}$ $1 - \text{ relay on at high values}$ $2 - \text{ relay on at low values}$ $3 - \text{ relay on at values within the range}$ $4 - \text{ relay on for the values out of the range}$ | 0 |
| 0x00DC | 220 / 40221 | RW | Control logic for relay RE2 | $1 \xrightarrow{1}_{L} \xrightarrow{1}_{H} \xrightarrow{2}_{H} \xrightarrow{1}_{H} \xrightarrow{1}_{H}$ | 0 |

| 0x00DD | 221 / 40222 | RW | LOW setpoint for relay RE1 | 065535 (gas units) | see Specifications |
|--------|----------------|----|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 0x00DE | 222 / 40223 | RW | HIGH setpoint for relay RE1 | 065535 (gas units) | see Specifications |
| 0x00DF | 223 / 40224 | RW | LOW setpoint for relay RE2 | 065535 (gas units) | see Specifications |
| 0x00E0 | 224 / 40225 | RW | HIGH setpoint for relay RE2 | 065535 (gas units) | see Specifications |

| Addr | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
|--------|----------------|----|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| 0x00FF | 255 / 40256 | RW | Sensor, analog outputs, LED and buzzer status | | user defined |

| | | | | normal condition | |
|--------|----------------|----|--|---|------|
| 0x0101 | 257 / 40258 | R | Raw 1st gas sensor data | 04095, ADC units | |
| 0x0103 | 259 / 40260 | R | 1st gas concentration | signed integer, -32000+32000 (gas units) | |
| 0x0105 | 261 / 40262 | RW | 0% value for analog output 1 | -32000+32000, gas units | 0 |
| 0x0106 | 262 / 40263 | RW | 100% value for analog output 1 | -32000+32000, gas units | 1000 |
| 0x0107 | 263 / 40264 | RW | 0% value for analog output 2 | -32000+32000, gas units | 0 |
| 0x0108 | 264 / 40265 | RW | 100% value for analog output 2 | -32000+32000, gas units | 1000 |
| 0x016D | 365 / 40366 | | Zero adjustments for 2nd gas data, ADC | -32000+32000 ADC units | 0 |
| 0x016E | 366 / 40367 | | Slope adjustment for 2nd gas data | 165535 | 512 |
| 0x016F | 367 / 40368 | | The change rate limit for 2nd gas data, gas unit / s | 132000, 0 - no limit | 0 |
| 0x0170 | 368 / 40369 | | 2nd Integrating filter time constant, s | 132000 (seconds), 0 - no filter | 0 |
| 0x01C9 | 457 / 40458 | | Raw 2nd gas sensor data | ADC data 04095 | |
| 0x01CB | 459 / 40460 | | 2nd gas concentration | signed integer, -32000+32000 (gas units) | |

* - The new value is applied after restart.

** – Broadcast slave ID 0 can be used to assign a new ID to the instrument with an unknown ID. When addressing by ID 0 the device shall be the only Modbus instrument in the network. The device will not respond to the Master command when addressed by ID 0.

*** - This value is dynamic and not kept in EEPROM after a restart.

Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of the original sale. During this warranty period, the Manufacturer will, at its option, either repair or replace a product that proves to be defective. This warranty is void if the product has been operated in conditions outside ranges specified by the Manufacturer or damaged by customer error or negligence or if there has been an unauthorized modification.

Manufacturer contacts

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